CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE.

RAY, MEDILL & CO., PUBLISHERS. OFFICE IN THE TRIBUNE BUILDINGS, 51 CLARK STREET. TERMS—EIGHT DOLLARS PER YEAR

VOL. XI. CHICAGO WEDNESDAY MORNING APRIL 28 1858. NO. 274.

DAILY TRIBUNE.

Wednesday Morning.....April 28, 1858.

See Fourth Page.

First in the Field!

The Republican Central Committee of McLean county, have called a Republican County Mass Convention, to meet in Bloomington on the 5th day of June next, to appoint ten delegates to the Republican State Convention which is to be held at Springfield on the 16th of June.

Mr. English of Indiana.

Mr. ENGLISH, of Indiana, is an adroit dodger. He has dodged himself into Congress three times, but his last dodge was of that peculiar kind which breaks the neck of the experimentor. He can never go to Congress again, nor anywhere else but to Scott County, Indiana. Always known by the Republicans to be a scoundrel, he can look for no sympathy from them. The Democracy have marked him for their prey for refusing Lecompton pure and simple; and now the DOUGLASITES are panting for his blood for concocting the Conference Committee swindle. Mr. ENGLISH has dodged once too often.

The Red Revenger.

It is now definitely arranged that "Old Buck" shall help himself to the heads of Davis, DAVIDSON, FAY and McVICKAR as soon as he gets done enjoying their terrors. NEBLINE the Bankshilly, STORMER the Custom House, and PAGE the Marine Hospital, Mr. FOX, the new District Attorney, returned yesterday to don the insignia lately appertaining to HAMMOND. But the Red Revenger is not yet appeased. His appetite is only whetted by the blood of the innocents already given to the infernal gods. The headsman has been sent into the Southern (Judicial) District. FOSTER or DOCHERTY the younger, will have the Attorneyship. The Postmasters will then pass in review, and every one, whose office is worth seventy-five dollars per annum, will offer correct his pronunciation of "shibboleth" across the Styx. The "Old Buck" has got done losing his horse in play. He is now ready for war, and woe be to the office holders who stands in the way of his antlers!

EFFECTS OF THE CONFERENCE.—The Cincinnati Gazette says every Democratic member from Ohio, excepting COX, will support the English scheme. The Columbus Statesman comes out in the favor. A general caving in and grand reconciliation are anticipated by the sanguine Administration men. The leaders of the Anti-Lecompton forces will hold out for a time but only to cover the rear of the retreating forces.

BENNETT—Sally Perry was elected Mayor of Rockford on Monday, the 19th, by a vote of 338 to 337 for Hobert F. Lane. The contest was purely local question.

CITY ITEMS.

We are informed that VIMEYSTOPE and TOLBERT are among West, and will give wonders in this city in the early part of May.

CONFLAGRATION.—It was Engine Company No. 1 and Hose Company No. 7 which was suspended by the Chief Engineer for disobedience of orders.

THE MATTESON HOUSE.—Charles H. Russell, late of the American House, and W. S. Goodrich, are to take the Matteson House on the first of May.

Were informed by Mr. Russell, Clerk of the New Orleans, Memphis, Cairo and St. Louis Railroad passenger packet *New Uncle Sam*, for New Orleans papers of the 20th inst. three days later than those received by mail.

CURTAINS.—The stock of curtains and curtain goods owned by WINSLOW, LOVE & CO. will be offered at retail for a few days longer at less prices than before offered, in order to close out the entire stock, to make of the creditors, at 139 Lake street.

BUSINESS GRAND BARGAINS.—All of our farmer readers are no doubt well aware of the great profits accruing from the use of lime and, to need urging why. By reference to an advertisement of SAWYER, MILLER & CO., of this city, which will be found in another column, they will be perfectly posted.

PARADE OF THE SECTIONAL RIFLEMEN.—Yesterday the Scottish Regiment paraded under the command of Adjutant DIX. They were reviewed by Maj. Gen. Swift and Staff. The companies presented a fine appearance, particularly the Light Artillery, Capt. Smith.

ARRIVAL AT SUTHER'S.—Some excitement was created in the upper part of Hubbard court yesterday by the discovery of a man hanging by the neck in a wood shed, and almost blacken. It appears that a German, who had been introduced to several groceries, went into his wood shed and attempted to commit suicide by hanging. Dr. SLOAN was called in and succeeded in saving the man from death.

DRESSING AND SHAVING ROOMS.—Tuesday afternoon Mr. Bryant & Stratton's New City Lines Room—On next Tuesday morning, the Individuals of Bryant & Stratton's new College Rooms, in the Lehmer Block, corner of Clark and Washington streets, will take place. Hon. Isaac N. Arnold will deliver an address upon the occasion. The new rooms are spacious and pleasant, and the address will doubtless attract a large number to visit the place.

FROM COURT.—William Wall was fined $5 for drunkenness.

A lad who was arrested for pickpocketing in Chicago, Alton & R. I. railroad depot, was fined $5 and costs for assaulting an officer.

Jerry Dunn was fined $5 and costs for being drunk and disorderly.

Thos. Ryan was fined $5 and costs for being drunk and disorderly.

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Thos. Ryan

...Y TRIBUNE.

...SOUTH CLARK STREET.

CITY OF CHICAGO.

...esday Morning.....April 28, 1858.

Mr. Douglas' Mistakes.

We said some days ago that Mr. DOUGLAS had given no indications that he would like to receive Republican aid in the coming contest in Illinois. We find that we were mistaken in not putting this view in a more pugnacious light. If we understand an article in the Chicago Times of yesterday, Mr. DOUGLAS not only does not desire Republican help, but he spurns it. The Times says:

> We know no political fellowship with Wilson, Seward or Giddings. If they come to Illinois they come here as enemies of the Democratic party, and eager for the defeat of Democracy in Illinois. If they come to this State and address our people, they will find no Democratic hearts to respond to their teachings, and no Democratic voices to wish them success. We have heretofore contended with Republicanism, led on by the local champions and aided by Chase, Banks, Giddings and others; in 1856 we will have that same body of men to contend with, and also the Locomotives led by Bright, and Fitch and Spier. Fitch and Giddings may speak from the same stump against the Democratic ticket and against the Democratic platform, but they will speak in no other. "Democratic and Douglas" was the watchword in 1852, and the result in November will prove that the disorganizers have labored in vain.

This is rather a sorry effort at whistling one's courage up, but it shows that Mr. DOUGLAS rests his hopes of a return to the Senate solely upon the platform of his half of the Democracy, adopted at Springfield. He is determined to paddle his own canoe, and if it does not carry him back to the Capitol, he doesn't want to go by any other conveyance. Doubtless this is the only way he can hope to remain master of his own craft, but the results of this policy will be shown far more beggarly account of bullet-holes, so far as his light is concerned, in November.

It may be noticed also in the paragraph we have taken from the Times, that the watchword for 1858 is to be, not the National Democratic Party, nor Popular Sovereignty, nor Buck and Buck, nor any of the old time phrases, but "Democracy and Douglas." How the coupling of one individual name, and that not of the President of the United States, with a Democratic platform and ticket, will sound to the Old Guard of Illinois, we do not exactly know; but the probability is that they will scatter like the leaves in a November gale, long before the issue is tried at the November polls.

The fact is, Mr. DOUGLAS grossly over-estimated his strength when he entered upon his contest with the President. With all his opportunities for learning the Democratic party, he had never acquired the first rudiments of the lesson. He had not learned that the Democratic party is stronger than any of its leaders. He had not learned that the first article in its creed is an improved version of the English maxim that "the King can do no wrong"—the American translation being that the Chief Demagogue can do no wrong. While BUCHANAN was Chief Demagogue, DOUGLAS, according to the Democratic ritual, should have bowed down to him. When DOUGLAS came, he CHASE would have been thrown enough to worship at the shrine which the Democracy had set up. If he had not, the party would have cast him into the burning fery furnace, and told him to call on his gods and see if they would deliver him. This is exactly what they are doing with DOUGLAS now. It is thought to know his own party he was sadly in error. The only organization in the world, equaling it in cohesive power and stringency of discipline, is the Roman Catholic Church. "Burn the heretics, great and small alike," is the very mottoering of their existence. Mr. DOUGLAS is just learning his A B C's in Democracy.

A Few Engineers Elected.

We have all the while known that the unpolished Republicans of other States, who have been urging an union of the Republicans of Illinois with the Anti-Lecompton men, for the purpose of electing Mr. Douglas Senator for another term, would in the time see their mistake. The Convention of Mr. Douglas' friends has opened their eyes, as we knew it would, and they now acknowledge that they have been deceived, and that their stalwart friends in Illinois have been, and are now, sight. We have before us at this moment a letter, addressed by a prominent politician of the East—one of the few who would have helped Mr. Buchanan, of Massachusetts, in taking care of our local affairs—in which the confession of certain sinister qualities in the writer is put down in black and white. It was called forth by the proceedings of the Springfield Convention, and is as penitential as any father confessor in any political church could desire. We assume that it just expresses the sentiments of the gentlemen's co-laborers, and that the attempt to engineer Illinois politics of the soil of the Sister Land now be abandoned. Illinois Republicans have uniformly maintained that the Anti-Lecompton men, as a body, could not affiliate the Cincinnati Platform and the Dred Scott Decision; and that their first expression would be to reject them both. The result has proved their wisdom, and it has kept their party free on unnatural alliance that, to defeat, would be first fruits, would have been fatally demoralizing and destructive. The gentlemen engineers can now show their work.

The Issues Fairly Stated.

The Republicans of St. Clair County recently held a large and enthusiastic meeting at Belleville, at which the following resolutions among others were unanimously adopted. We take it, that they are from the pen of Lieut. Gov. KORNER, one of the ripest scholars and clearest thinkers in Illinois:

> Resolved, That the decisions lately promulgated by the present Administration, and by some of the members of the Supreme Court of the United States, in some extra judicial manner, touching the rights of property in Slaves, in the Territories, and the power of a Slave owner to hold a Slave in bondage, are mere personal property, and are destitute of all authority, and that for views of the Constitution of the United States by any Territory of the Union, and is therefore, in the opinion of this meeting, not law; and that Congress, as stated by Mr. Buchanan in his inaugural address, is in the sphere of its duty, "bound to abide by the decision of the Supreme Court of the United States, or some other constitutional tribunal, by the highest legal authority instituted, regulated, and vitalized by express provisions of the Judiciary of this Republic. Each party to that suit, who deplored the evils of slavery, and sought to put an amicably, soon to be extinguished, and only to be tolerated where local laws have established it. W. K.

> Resolved, That it is one of the cardinal principles of the Democratic party, that freedom is national, slavery sectional and local, and that it does not exist in territories where it is not provided for or recognized by municipal law.

> Resolved, That we do not propose to interfere with slavery in the States, but relying on the Constitution and the wisdom of our fathers, as a bond of union then, may yet, we believe, prevail, while by Congress we prohibit slavery in the territories, while by Congress we prohibit slavery in the territories, and upon the making of a State constitution the people of a territory have the right to make such a constitution as they please, provided it be republican in form.

Important to Office-Seekers.

For the expected use of early expresses at Washington we derive information to the Senate of the Democratic party, we give below the names of the members of two important committees appointed by the Democratic Convention at Springfield, on Wednesday last:

> [illegible]

A Word About Bankbreakers.

Of late we have frequently asked the attention of our readers to the importance of some well directed and earnest effort towards the building up in this city of such manufacturing establishments as will serve for a broad and enduring basis of prosperity. The bubble of speculation has burst. The day for the sudden acquisition of fortunes by investment in corner lots and farming lands has gone by. Railroad building has been indefinitely suspended. Commercial prudence does not yet offer any great inducements; and capitalists have now leisure to turn their attention to the development of the neglected resources with which our city is surrounded. After Chicago has reached a certain growth stimulated by the annual and increasing grain crops of the West, and by the continued settling up of the country tributary to us, we shall come to number our population by an increase of twenty, or fifteen, or ten, or any other per cent. per annum, unless we shall add manufacturing industry, and thus diversity of occupation, to the inducements held out to the world to come among us. A community or people dependent on a single resource, a single branch of productive power, to be just that degree dependent on all other communities for the necessities of civilized life; while that which combines the largest diversity of employments is the least dependent on others, and is the true definition of the term, the richest.

On the southern shore of Lake Superior, in the to-be State of Superior or Ontonagon, are fabulous masses both of ore and of native iron. At least one mountain exists there, made up of blocks and boulders of malleable iron. We have seen nails made of the original fragments by simple introduction into the blacksmith's forge. The only similar deposit in the world, we believe, is in the interior of Africa, and its existence was combatted by scientific men everywhere, until the discovery of the Lake Superior wonder proved its possibility. But this is only a portion of the iron wealth of Superior. With even the late discoveries of its resources, and the superior facilities for operating extensively and hence profitably, over one hundred thousand tons of iron ore will be shipped from Marquette this season for what ever port offers the best market; and probably double the amount will be mined and shipped the year following. The quality of this iron has been shown by repeated experiments to be equal or superior to the best Swedish or Russian article brought into our markets. The best evidence of its value is the presence of hundreds of workmen and the investment of thousands of dollars in the mines themselves.

Now, shall not Chicago reap some of the benefits of this lavishing of Nature's most precious metal, three hundred miles south of us? We have the cheapest communication with this region in the world. Less than one hundred miles south and west of us are deposits of coal sufficient to fuse the entire metallic product of Superior. With these also we have water communication, and the works of the mining companies at La Salle have reduced the price of fuel in our market fully one hundred per cent. Nothing remains to be desired but the capital and enterprise to draw these elements of wealth together, and fashion them into the countless necessities of civilization. So simple a problem as the manufacturing independence of Chicago, so far as the crafts of iron are concerned, ought now to remain long unsolved. Fully one thousand miles from the seaboard, foreign competition ceases to be a peculiar drawback either to miner or manufacturer. Shall not the present summer witness some earnest effort to place us among those cities which make their own shingle nails and stove-pipes?

Collected.

The official Canvass of the late State election in Connecticut foots up as follows:

REPUBLICAN.		DEMOCRATS.	
Governor—Ingersoll	34,159	Pease	33,164
Lt. Gov'r—Cole	34,202	Smith	33,202
Sec. State—Boyd	34,202	Wickham	33,202
Treasurer—Hinds	34,202	Warner	33,202
Comptroller—Trott	34,202	Clark	33,202

American candidates were run for Secretary of State and Comptroller—Peck, for Secretary, received 4,080 votes, and Harrison, for Comptroller, 4,950. There was consequently no choice for these two offices. The Legislature will elect Boyd and Bull.

Of the vote for Lieutenant Governor, 1,276 votes for Mr. Smith were incorrectly returned, which added to his official vote would make his real vote 33,468, and Cole's majority 2,805 there being 74 scattering votes cast.

To Mr. Williams's vote for Secretary of State, there should be added 2,594 incorrectly returned, making his total vote 35,664, and to Mr. Peck's vote should be added 854 incorrectly returned, making his vote 4,934.

There should be added to the vote of Mr. Hendee, for Treasurer, 861 incorrectly returned, and to Mr. Warner's 847, making his vote 35,055, and (there being 80 scattering votes cast) Hendee's majority is 2,728.

Election of Senator.

It is said by the Washington correspondent of the New York *Evening Post*, that there are this moment one thousand men, under command of one of WALKER's filibusters, encamped on the Northern bank of the Rio Grande, waiting orders to make a descent upon the Mexican provinces of Tamaulipas and Nuevo Leon. It is believed that this army is gathered to advance the ambitious views of Comonfort, late President of the Mexican Republic, now in this country, who in return is expected, if successful, to give up a portion of the territory overrun by these filibustering jackals to which the area of Slavery. If these things are true, why is our Government idle, when the peace and honor of the nation are at stake? We need not say. The central power at Washington is plotting to accomplish a similar purpose by other means; and whatever does not succeed in strengthen "the Institution" goes for naught.

Lynching Affair in Putnam County.

We copy the following from the Hennepin *Tribune*, of Saturday: "Such proceedings we must be permitted to remark, are disgraceful to all concerned in them, nor can we respect the cool intelligence, not to say decided tone of approbation, in which they are related by the editor of the *Tribune*. Putnam county has too nearly on the borders of civilization to justify a resort to lynch law under any circumstances."

Counterfeit Presentment.—We detected a couple of weeks since in the arrest of a man named Hill, in the bottoms a few miles north of Granville, for stealing most foul, various other articles from the citizens of that place. We learn since that Hill had an examination before Esquire Hayslip, and that evidence of his guilt was conclusively proven. The magistrate held him over in the sum of *fifty dollars*, and decided that as considerable of the stolen property was not recognized, Hill was guilted to it. The amount required as bail, also, a man named Smith, who is not generally believed was an accomplice of Hill's and such proved to be the fact, becoming indignant at this mild of administering justice, took upon themselves the responsibility of ridding their neighbor, held of these parties, and forthwith proceeded and arrested Smith, took him to a convenient place, tied him to a tree, and commenced flogging him. After repeated applications of the rattan, without eliciting any information in regard to the thefts, they proceeded a rope and stringing him up to a young sapling. Still Smith persisted in asserting his innocence. Again they hoisted him up, but with the same effect, and the third time with a like result. The fourth time they strung him up, and the rope catching in a knot, he hung until he was nearly dead before he could be taken down. After reviving, during which he was in danger, he confessed to have stolen a couple of gloves and a harrow. The citizens then let him go, with the injunction that he and Hill leave the country forthwith; and we presume after this salutary warning, they are far beyond the reach of their captors.

A Golden Pumpkin.—A lump of gold has been found at Kingston, 14 miles from Melbourne, by four old Californians, who named Hodges and Jones, Ambrose, the finder of said Charles Rosier. It is 3 feet 4 inches in length, by 10 inches in width at its widest point, and 3 inches thick at one end and 4 inches thick at the other. Its weight is 146 lbs., or 1,749 oz. 15 dwts., and its value is about $34,000. Another nugget, weighing 70 lbs., was found in sand 15 feet below the surface. It is perfectly free from quartz or matrix. The lucky owners are two pairs of brothers; one from E. Wilson's Creek, and the other from Maryland. They have the nugget in exhibition, and intend to exhibit it in London and in the States.

From Washington.

Lecompton—Nothing but Lecompton!

(Special Correspondence of the Chicago Tribune.)

WASHINGTON, April 26, 1858.

Our venerable and beloved President is confined again. His sister, Lecompton, has found other lovers, and the promises made to the jaded tenant of the White House have been repudiated for the twentieth time. In fact, his servitors and clansmen pay no more regard to their engagements with him than he has done in respect to his pledges to the country. For nearly a week past, Mr. Buchanan has been triumphantly rubbing his palms, and assuring all his visitors that now at last the Kansas question was settled. He had guarantee that the plan of the Conference would go through both Houses yesterday with flying colors, and even our friends conceded from seven to twelve majority for it. The scheme fathered by the Committee was known to have been consented by the President and Cabinet. Its chief architects were Jake Thompson of the Interior and Cobb of the Treasury, and both these worthies have been particularly busy in manipulating the House to make them agreeable.

Judge, then, of the disappointment on all sides, and the anguish of the Administration and its friends, when Lecompton did not go through, but remained a languishing if not a dying patient, in the Receive Hospital, after the grand operation, which was to give it vitality and health.

"And we behold them full of hope and fear,"

but to-day witnesses the Lecompton in a flock of cross-cut fowls.

The game was saved late on Thursday night by an Anti-Lecompton Democratic caucus. Thirteen true redeemers of the twindle came to a consultation, nine remaining out and understood to have taken refuge in the enemy's camp. The deserters were the following: Adrain, of N. J.; Owen Jones, of Penn.; Groesbeck, Pendleton, Hall, Cockerill, and Lawrence, of Ohio; and Foley and English of Indiana. These nine were given up. They have been more or less suspected from the beginning. Even Cox, of Ohio, began to grow faint under the assaults of the blending administration press of his district, and the cold neutrality of the Republicans. But what again discomfited the schemes of the hucksters was the unexpected defection of three South Americans, namely, Maynard, Hill and Tripp. Quitman, Sporter and Bonham, of S. C., could not be brought up to the mark.

When English had stated his case, and Mr. Howard had replied to him in an effective little speech of ten minutes, which quite settled him, Mr. Hill, of Georgia, moved to postpone for three weeks. As the clerk passed down the list, and it was found that after all more than half of the Douglas Democrats stood firm, the faces of the Republicans brightened, and the countenance of Lecompton elongated.

On the first vote, however, before our men got to their hearing, Lecompton had a by three majority. But House F. Clark, one of the firmest men in the House, announced that he had voted for postponement only because he was ready to decide the question at once. But he would go with his friends, and changed from no to aye. Cox and Lawrence, of Ohio, did the same thing. So the bill was postponed to the 11th of May—ayes 105, noes 105. The victors of course wished to clinch by voting down a reconsideration, but the conservative Democracy commenced filibustering, and after two hours of seditious trifling compelled an adjournment to this morning at twelve, when the strife will be renewed.

It is possible, even probable, that they may yet carry the scheme as manipulated in the Committee of Conference. But there are many impediments and barriers not before seen, like snags fixed by the last flood. The purchased members have been comparing notes, and have discovered—oh, horrible to a sensitive mind!—that the ancient Buck has been selling the same offices and contracts several times over to different purchasers! Thus it is said he has obtained three votes for one place much coveted for the honors and spoils annexed.

Again there was, after the public performance in the House, a little piece of larceny which was so characteristic of Lecompton that it goes far to establish its reputation in the eyes of all mankind. *Somebody*, I wish to be cautious till I know more—somebody stole the bill from the Speaker's table, or from the desk on the desk of Senator Greene of Missouri, in order, it is affirmed, that he might found his malices upon it, and carry it through at once. Broderick denounced the purloining of the bill, declaring that it had been surreptitiously obtained. Green called on him for explanation. Broderick said he did not believe that Green was a party to the transaction, but there the bill was on his desk, while it belonged on the desk of the Speaker of the House. He said he was responsible for what he charged, but he made the statement on the authority of Mr. Harris, of Illinois, who stood near him. Green seemed much alarmed at the turn the case was taking, and declared that he was not responsible for any thing referred to by Mr. Broderick. Bocock, of Virginia, said the bill had no business here. It belonged to the House.

English approached Broderick, and it is supposed, demanded an explanation. The conversation took place in a low tone, but it is reported by one who heard it that the rough Californian Senator responded in these words: "Go away, you d—d puppy." No name was any evidence in the debate as to the person who stole the bill; and it does not appear, therefore, what Mr. E. wanted Mr. B. to withdraw or to explain. Upon the whole, you will perceive that times are warming up. We shall doubtless have several duels!

It is my painful duty to announce that the Deficiency bill has not yet passed the Senate.

JUNIUS.

Personal.

Mr. Church is engaged in painting a view of Niagara Falls from the American side, as a pendant for his famous picture taken from the Canada shore; it is said that the former will be even finer than the work which placed this artist at the very head of living landscape painters.

Mr. Bennett has again been compelled to suspend his southern tour, and is now on his way home. Southern papers express the hope that he may be able to fulfil his engagements at the South and West during the present spring.

The New York *Post* states that N. P. Willis is lying seriously ill at Idlewild. A bilious fever, and a return of his old trouble of the lungs, have confined him a prostration, against which his usual active resistance to disease has succumbed for the present. It will probably be some little while before he is able to resume his busy pen. P. S.—We learn from the *Post* that Mr. Willis is rapidly recovering from his illness and will soon be out again.

The report is revived in well informed circles in Washington, that Senator Slidell, of Louisiana, and Mr. Belmont, late Minister to the Hague, are engaged in the raising of a loan for three millions of dollars, to be applied in aid of the revolution now in progress in Sonora.

Hon. John Minor Botts has been in Washington for several days. He brought from Europe a handsome present for Mr. Buchanan—a pair of razors, with the President's name engraved on them.

Maj. Kearney, who was recently divorced by consent of his wife in Kentucky, was married recently, in Jersey City, to Agnes, daughter of Hugh Maxwell, Esq. Thus ends a case of scandal which has occasioned so much talk.

The owners of the Polo *Transcript* office have recently taken out a writ of replevin, to obtain possession of their property from the present publisher, Mr. Meigs, who, it seems, has refused to give up the office. We learn that the owners have sold or leased the establishment to a gentleman from Freeport, who is soon to take charge.

Mrs. Frederick William of Prussia has been forbidden by her physicians to take equestrian exercise for some months to come. She is the daughter of Queen Victoria, and was married on the 25th of January last.

Col. Morrison, of this State, has been traveling in Europe for some months past. He is now in Paris, and rapidly recovering from the injuries he received at Modena by being run over by a carriage. Col. M. will remain abroad until July.

Madame George Sand, the celebrated French authoress, and Socialist, has retired to a convent, where she intends spending the remainder of her days.

William S. Tinsley, formerly connected with the Peoria (N.Y.) Republican, has purchased an interest in the Freeport (Ill.) Journal.

It is now pretty well ascertained that John A. Logan will be the Douglas candidate for Congress in the 11th District of this State, and Col. John Dougherty will doubtless be the candidate of the Buchanan Democracy. It is also ...

Sales by Auction.

GEORGE C. GILBERT,
GENERAL AUCTIONEER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, No. 56 Lake Street, between Clark and Dearborn streets. Attention given to the sale of Dry Goods, Groceries, Furniture, Horses, Carriages, &c. ap26-2d-1y

REMOVAL.
GRUBB & GILBERT, AUCTIONEERS, have removed to
No. 56 Lake Street,
Adjoining State street and Wabash Avenue. (from Frost Building.) ap26-2d-1y

ADMINISTRATRIX SALE,
BY GRUBB & GILBERT.

HORSES, CARRIAGES, ETC. AT AUCTION.—On WEDNESDAY, 28th inst., commencing at 10 o'clock A.M., we shall offer for sale on the premises located in the rear of the Tremont House, all the Horses, Carriages and entire stock of the Livery Stable, consisting of about 40 Horses, Hacks, Omnibuses and Stage Harness; 25 Buffalo Robes, Blankets and Wolf Robes; together with the Office Furniture, including Desks, Counters, Iron Safes, and other articles too numerous to mention.

At 3 O'clock P. M.

Lease of the Premises, and the Carriage House and Fixtures, for sale.

For terms of sale, refer to the Administratrix Notice of this Sale published daily in the Chicago Daily Journal, commencing on the 8th day of April, A.D. 1858.

GRUBB & GILBERT,
Auctioneers, 56 Lake Street.

CANTRIGHT McCLANTY, Adm'r.
N. A. BOGGS, Att'y, 102 Dearborn st. ap21-1w-w23

JOHN MANKIN,
General Auction and Commission Merchant,
IMPORTER, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Dealer in Crockery and Glassware, Britannia and Plated Ware, Cutlery, House Furnishing Goods, Clocks, Toilet Articles, Musical Instruments, Fancy Goods, &c.
177 RANDOLPH STREET, CHICAGO, ILL.
(Third Door East of the Sherman House.)
Particular attention given to Out-door Sales. Liberal advances made.
☞ Sales every alternate Day—TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS. ap26

WAREHOUSE SALE.
THE FOLLOWING DESCRIBED GOODS will be sold for charges, unless previously called for, on Wednesday, May 5th, at the warehouse of C. G. HARRY & CO., South Clark street:
H E Sadler & Co; Geneva shelving, 2 box Sash
J H Cook; 2 box H Plinder
H Philips; 1 buggy, 1 spring shafts and pole
A B Stewart; 1 carriage
Paul A Co; 1 bale Cot
H L; 1 bale, 1 bd rolls, 1 box Hardware
T R Parker; 1 wagon and harness
H McNamara; 1 box
E Hoagland; 1 box
Wm Bennett; 1 box
Mason & Co; 1 box, 1 bdl iron Sum Sill; 1 box
J E Cook; 1 box
Walter Scott; 1 box
Geo Meier; 3 box
H Kendall; 1 box
Sum Sill; 2 bdls iron
W H Bailey; 1 box
D J W Hyman; 1 box
J E Cook; 1 box
H Bass; 1 bx
H L Palmer; 4 box castings
J E Brooner; 1 bx
R H Kendall; 1 bx
Wm Bennett; 1 box
Wm Bennett; 1 box
F M Chapman & Co; 10 w barrows
S B Cooley; 1 bureau, 1 trk, 1 box
W H Doane; 1 machine, 1 box
Wm Bennett; 1 box
Geo Meier; 1 box
C E Ferris; 2 box; 1 trunk
J J Sayers; 1 bdl hoops, 1 box, 1 bdl
Sears, Smith & Co; 1 box
A J Miner; 1 box, 1 bdl
J D Hyman; 1 box pipe, 1 box
Wm Bennett; 1 box
Sayner & Woodruff; 1 box
Wm Bennett; 1 chest
G O Pearson; 1 box
G C & Co; 2 bbls varnish
D Brockway; 1 box
Adams & Co; 2 box
A H Peters; 1 chest, 2 bbls
Geo Meier; 1 box
Tod O'Shaw; 1 box
H M; 1 bale sheeting, 3 box
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ap12-4t ap14

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DAILY TRIBUNE.
WEDNESDAY MORNING.....APRIL 26.

Fashionable Intelligence.

Fashions for May.

[From our own Correspondent.]

NEW YORK, April 25.

ECONOMY THE FASHION—NEW SPRING GOODS.

Foreign importations for the past three months are said to have fallen off thirty-two millions below the figures of the corresponding time last year, and this accounts for the impression of cheapness, which one obtains from an inspection of all new spring goods. Very few costly novelties are exhibited, but instead are huge piles of "reduced" lawns, barege, all in old fashioned, three-flounced robe styles, which can be obtained for next to nothing, and are sold at a slight advance on the original cost. Few ladies ask for what there is new, but for what there is cheap. Scarcely any India shawls, or very costly laces, are exhibited, and the price in many instances, is reduced a third from last year. The most elegant fabrics imported have, in many instances, not touched the shelves of the Broadway merchant, but have been sold out of the Custom House to Southern traders, who offer the only market for expensive foreign manufactures.

An instance of this was found in some elegant organdie robes, in entirely new designs, imported by Uhdell, Pierson & Lake, of this city. The style is considered the most beautiful of any which have been introduced this season, and every one was monopolized by New Orleans, Charleston, St. Louis and Philadelphia merchants, before they arrived in the port.

The texture of these robes is very fine and clear, with a small chintz figure on the white ground. The lower skirt is full and plain, but upon the upper one are three *gulles* on each side, which are printed in a very rich design and are almost equal to an oil painting. A narrow border accompanies that part intended for the corsage, which is designed to be made up in the following manner: Plain high back, with a surplice front, deeply pointed at the waist, but without basques. Instead of the under-handkerchief, which is generally worn with this style, a lace chimisette is inserted, which terminates square across the bosom. This is made of delicate Maltese, an inch wide, upon a foundation of net. The sleeves are cut square, the full width of the muslin, are open to the shoulder, and simply gathered at the top. The length may be varied to suit the taste, but must not be less than half a yard, or exceed three-quarters. The border is placed flat round the neck, and down the front of the waist, and upon the two upper sides, and across the bottom of the sleeves.

Another material has been imported, called *mantin de soie*, or silk muslin. The texture is transparent as the finest muslin, and exceedingly lustrous. It is sold both by the yard and in robes, some of which have double skirts with *gulles*, others flounced, and still others plain skirts, with the broad side stripe. The patterns are generally small checks and plaids, in single and variegated colors, with chintz border or stripe.

No novelty, however, equals the finer styles of grenadine and organdie. In grenadine, especially, it is quite impossible to describe the soft, luxurious tropical beauty which lingers in the borders of gaily colored silk moss, lightly resting on the transparent surface of the robe.

Grenadine with silk flounces, woven in chintz pattern, and edged with two narrow silk fringes, is also much admired, but does not possess the towering, voluptuous grace of the style before mentioned.

The lightest and thinnest tissues, with a full expanse of crinoline, is more than ever the rage, the sleeves and all the adjuncts of the toilette being arranged to correspond.

To wear with the open, or hanging sleeve, full balloon sleeves are made of the finest muslin, with a full wide, and quite narrow band at the top, and a small embroidered or lace cuff at the wrist, which is fastened with a bow and ends of black or rose-colored ribbon. Sometimes they are separated into puffs by lace insertion, through which ribbon is run, but this style is better adapted to silk, satin or velvet robes.

For a rich dinner dress, a sleeve is made of fine mull, called the "Princess," is composed of one large puff, which reaches nearly to the elbows, and terminates in a deep pointed lace flounce. The dress sleeve is short, deepening towards the centre, and flows gracefully over the full puffing of the mull.

For summer morning dresses, there is nothing so pretty as a skirt and jacket of fine white India muslin; the skirt is ornamented with two deep flounces, and the front and the edges of the jacket with rows of violet ribbon. A great variety of pretty fabrics are exhibited, however, for this purpose, among which are small figured chintz *foulard* silks, delicate French calicoes, with bordered upper skirt, fine French lawns and brilliants in small chintz patterns, and the most beautifully blended solors. There are also very showy and striking fringes, imported expressly for the trade, which will, I hope, put jackets or skirt jackets of embroidered muslin.

Traveling costumes are imperatively required to be quiet in color and uniformly subdued in tone; durability also being desirable in the fabrics. Valencias, chellotts, poplins, etc., French foulards, and the small checked summer silks, are all excellent and may be made with a Talma or circular of the same material. Where this is not the case, circulars of Melton cloth in modest colors are worn, or, the still more stylish Englan, with wide sleeves and deep border, of a lighter shade to the same color.

The most distinguished style in bonnets which has appeared for this purpose, is the *Marie Stuart*, from "Brière," Paris, with straw front, silk cap crown, and bavin of lace or straw across the top.

Gloves are of dark gray or brown kid, with an amazed gauntlet cuff, which lay smooth over the cuffs of the dress.

MANTLES, ILLUMINATED TRIMMINGS, THE PRINCESS AND ETC., ETC.

Fashionable mantles and cloaks are all transparent, very delicate in texture, and mostly confined to white and black. The exceptions are in favor of the striped silk shawls and drab cloaks, of which I spoke in my last letter. These styles, strange to say, so striking and *distingue*, take better at the South than with us the ladies of New York—with a few exceptions—being terribly afraid of confining an anything which savors of originality. A few have been seen at Mozart's Concerts, but none as yet on the promenade.

The most elegant mantles are immensely large, reaching nearly to the bottom of the dress. The small cape, or shawl-shaped, gradually terminate in one or two full flounces, the lower one being three-quarters of a yard deep. These consist of a foundation of net, ornamented with rows of pointed or scolloped guipure, interspersed with fringe, narrow velvet or moss trimmings, and soft, round, pendant moss balls. This style is sometimes wholly composed of French point lace, the scarf for the shoulder being exceedingly graceful, and the flowers of extraordinary depth and fullness.

For this month mantles are made almost entirely of black *taffeta*. The new spring silk cloak is very large, of the circular shape, and lined throughout with rows of silk puffing, containing two each, edged with rich fringe. A pointed hood, turned over in the half-handkerchief style, is made to match. Another style is laid in box plaits at the top, commencing on each side of the center, and extending around to the front. Over these, bands of velvet or "Empress" chenille trimming, are placed longitudinal, terminating in rich tassels; these hang at each interval so form the shape of a scarf around the shoulders.

Imported mantles are made entirely of silk, and trimmed with ruffles or ruffles of the same. Upon some a narrow heading is formed of tightly variegated velvet, so minute as only to look like a shadow dint between the waves of the silk. This is called "illuminated trimming," and has a beautiful effect; it is intended especially to accompany the elegant tulle and chip bonnets mentioned in my last as appearing so novel in contrast with the pretty velvet decoration.

The gem of the season in mantles is called the "Princess of Prussia," and was designed at the superb establishment of Charles Street & Co. It is intended expressly for this month, and should have been called the "Queen of May." It is very large, and consists of broad, alternate stripes of silk and fine grenadine, in to which is woven an exquisite design in frosted velvet. The stripes are lengthwise, broad at the base and narrow at the top, and down the centre of the silk there is a tufted fringe of marabout, while about the edge which joins the grenadine is a narrow border of guipure with a fine tagle heading. The effect is altogether charming, and perfectly distinguished.

The same house is designing a new summer cloak, to be called the "Empress of France." It is made of white barege or grenadine, of a large circular shape, with a deep border of white silk, checked with narrow, black velvet. The hood is made to match, and is ornamented with three pendant chenille or quaker balls, the centre one of which is black.

[illegible] AND [illegible].

A delightful bridal dress has just been completed by a noted dressmaker, in this city, which I will give for the benefit of your lady readers. It is composed of a slip of white Lyons silk and an exquisite of illusion, with deep skirts. Each of these skirts are covered with fine tucks, and over the tucks is placed lovely flounces of blonde. The veil was of tulle edged with blonde point.

The corsage was very low, pointed before, behind and upon the hips, and ornamented with rochet, which were covered and also formed in a row of blonde. The veil was of tulle, edged with blonde, and enveloped the entire figure, the wreath which composed it being of orange blossom and of jessamine.

Very rich sets of bridal guipure are imported, comprising the fichues, bridal veil, handkerchief and berthe, at a cost of $1,500. These sets now comprise the most distinguished collection for such an occasion.

ACADEMY OF DESIGN.

The National Academy of Design is now open for public inspection, but contains nothing of particular interest. There is the usual number of wide-awake, staring portraits, all good as portraits but bad as subjects. The little bits of landscape here and there are quite refreshing.

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AGENTS FOR BUYING AND SELLING Real Estate, Cash, Flour, Pork, Beef, Lard, Hides, Leather, Wool, Grain, Seeds, Produce, etc. No. 38 Lake street, Chicago, Ill.

GEO. T. ABBEY,
MANUFACTURER, IMPORTER AND DEALER IN Fine and Coarse Cutlery, Guns, Rifles, Fishing Tackle, Gun Materials, Sporting Apparatus of all kinds, Fancy Goods, Jewelry, Musical Instruments, Cutlery, Hardware, Iron and Steel, and Cutlery Stock, wholesale and retail.
☞ Repairing done in the best manner and warranted. [illegible]

JOHN W. MAGILL,
NOTARY PUBLIC,
U. S. Commissioner for the Northern District of Illinois.
Commissioner of Deeds
For the States and Territories of the U. States.
No. 38 South Clark street, cor. Lake, [illegible]

W. W. SHUMLEBT & CO.,
[illegible] South Water St., Chicago,
DISTILLERS OF ALCOHOL, PURE BURNING and CHEMICAL SPIRITS.
Manufacturers of
BURNING FLUID, DOMESTIC LIQUORS
RYE, BOURBON, MONONGAHELA and MAGNOLIA WHISKEY.
Jamaica Brandy and Wines.
Cherry Brandy and Jamaica Wines.
Bermudas Cedar.

FAY & CO.'S MACHINERY DEPOT.
Ten Woodworth Planers,
FIFTY-FIVE FARRAR'S PLANERS,
Twenty-five Sash and Molding Machines,
MORTISING MACHINES,
TWENTY SCROLL SAWS,
TWENTY-FIVE SIDING VALVES,
TEN STEAM ENGINES,
SHAFTING, PULLEYS, BELTING, HOSE, BOLTS, ETC.
Constantly on hand, and for sale at Fay & Co.'s Machine Warehouse, No. 167 South Clark st., Chicago.
F. E. BLAKE, Agent.

PAINTING.
F. M. HUNT & SONS,
HOUSE, SIGN AND SHADE PAINTING,
[illegible] Washington st. and 75 Clark st.
AT LOW PRICES.

Leather and Findings.

LEATHER!
DIRECT FROM
The Best Eastern and French Tanneries.
We are receiving
LEATHER OF SUPERIOR QUALITY,
SUITABLE FOR THE SPRING TRADE,
Which will be
Sold at a Small Advance on Cost.
Leather Dealers, and Boot and Shoe Makers, purchasing for CASH, will find a decided advantage, as the prices are UNUSUALLY LOW FOR QUALITY.
☞ Country orders carefully and promptly filled, at the lowest cash prices. Also, WHITE OAK SOLE LEATHER and 1,000 Green Hides, at highest market prices, in CH.
GREAT WESTERN HIDE & LEATHER STORE,
301 & 303 S. Water St.
R. T. BLACKBURN & BRO.

LEATHER--LEATHER.
JAMES KELLY,
LATE KELLY & BLACKBURN, HAVING purchased the interest of his partner in the business, would inform the customers of the late firm and the public generally, that he continues the business at the Old Stand,
No. 243 Lake Street,
Near the Bridge, where he hopes to be favored with a share of the patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed on the firm. He will keep constantly on hand a large stock of the best quality of
FRENCH AND AMERICAN
KIP AND CALF SKINS,
SPANISH AND SLAUGHTER SOLE,
LININGS, LASTS, &c.
LEATHER AND RUBBER BELTING,
Which he will always sell at the
LOWEST MARKET PRICES.
Chicago, Nov. 26, 1859. JAMES KELLY.

HAYDEN, KAY & CO.,
238 Randolph Street, Chicago.
Manufacturers, Importers and Dealers in
Saddlery Hardware,
BENT STOCK,
COACH TRIMMINGS,
Springs, Axles, Varnishes,
Webbings, Horse Collars, &c.
F. HAYDEN, New York.
F. WILSON, Chicago.
WILLIAM T. KAY, Chicago, Ill.

Furniture & Upholstery.

NEW UPHOLSTERY,
Curtain Goods,
WINDOW SHADES
Cornices, Trimmings,
MATTRESSES, BEDDING, FURNITURE, ETC., ETC.
AT THE LOWEST EASTERN PRICES!
HANSON & BURT,
95 Clark Street, opp. Court House.

J. E. & H. N. PARSON'S
Fine Furniture
AND UPHOLSTERY WAREROOMS,
Two Doors East of Briggs House.
We would respectfully invite your attention to our large and varied assortment now complete, especially adapted
CITY RETAIL TRADE,
comprising new and elegant designs of
ROSEWOOD PARLOR SUITS,
OAK SIDE-BOARDS—MIRROR DOORS.
Extension Tables and Chairs,
Enamelled Chamber Sets,
ROSEWOOD WARDROBES.
Library Cases and Tables,
IRON BEDSTEADS,
Hall Stands and Chairs, Office Desks,
OVAL AND PIER MIRRORS,
SPRING AND HAIR MATTRESSES,
together with a great variety of
MEDIUM AND LOW PRICED FURNITURE.
WELL MADE GOODS,
and will defend no money for any article not proving as represented. Our facilities enable us to offer every purchaser
Low and Uniform Prices,
and at as low a price as inferior work is usually sold in this city.
J. E. & H. N. PARSONS,
179 Randolph Street.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE OF FURNITURE
At 229 Lake Street.
MIDWINTER & WENZEL'S ENTIRE STOCK,
Consisting of about
$15,000 Worth of Parlor, Chamber and Plain Furniture,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, DESIGNED AND MANUFACTURED EXPRESSLY FOR THIS MARKET.
PARLOR SUITS, ETC.,
Average retail selling prices of LEFT TWELV ONES, as follows, viz: Parlor Suits, $40 to $100; Chamber Sets, $25 to $60; Tables, $5 to $15; Bedsteads, $5 to $10; Marble Top Bureaus, $20 to $40; Marble Top Washstands, $5 to $10; Chairs, $1 to $3; Rocking Chairs, $2 to $5; Lounges, $15 to $30; Mattresses, $5 to $15; Feather Pillows, $1 to $2; Bolsters, $1 to $2; Bedding, Looking Glasses, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Stoves, Tables, Crockery, Glassware, Kitchen Furniture, etc., etc.
Purchasers will Save 15 to 40 per Cent.
by giving us a call. The attention of WHOLESALE CASH BUYERS AND MANUFACTURERS is also invited. Also a large assortment of
Fancy Holdings,
Veneers,
Mahogany Plank,
CABINET MAKERS' HARDWARE, ETC.,
At Eastern Price
G. EHRINGHOUSEN, Agent.

Paper.

WALL PAPER!
WALL PAPER!!
70.....Randolph Street.....70
GREAT CLOSING OUT SALE
OF
WALL PAPER,
Borders, Decorations, &c.,
AT COST, UNTIL FIRST OF MAY.
ALSO:
Window Shades, Trimmings, Fixtures, &c.
TO SUBDAM SODAL
70.....Randolph Street.....70
BLODGETT PAPER CO.,
73 Randolph Street.
THIS COMPANY HAVE RESOURCES
[illegible]
WM. H. SHAW, Agent.

Chicago Paper Depot,
NO. 44 STATE STREET.
BUTLER & HUNT HAVE NOW ON [illegible]

Dry Goods.

ELEGANT DRESS GOODS.
T. B. CARTER & CO.
Are now Receiving a Very Large Stock
OF
SPRING & SUMMER DRESS GOODS,
Of Elegant Designs and Fabrics,
To which they invite the attention of the Ladies.
156 Lake Street.

FINE EMBROIDERIES
AND REAL LACES,
AT AUCTION,
In Quantities to Suit Purchasers,
AT
FRASHER & CARR'S,
124.....Lake Street.....124
To the Ladies.
We have and shall FRIDAY and SATURDAY, April 27 and 28, for the sale of our entire stock of
FINE EMBROIDERIES AND LACES.
☞ Sale from 9 till 12 A. M. and 2 till 6 P. M.
By Order of Assignee.

FROM THE FIRST
GREAT AUCTION SALE OF THE SEASON,
WE HAVE RECEIVED
Over $20,000 Worth
OF
RICH DRESS GOODS,
SHAWLS, ETC., ETC.,
Many of them bought for
One Half the Cost of Production.
WE ARE SELLING
BLACK SILKS
For Five Shillings—Worth One Dollar.
ALL THIS
Lot of Goods in the Same Proportion.
NEW GOODS
Received every day from Auction Sales of the Season.
All of which will be sold
At Prices that Cannot be Competed with
IN THIS CITY.
TERMS STRICTLY CASH AND ONE PRICE.
W. M. ROSS & CO.,
Late Ross & Foster, Double Store, 127 & 129 Lake st.

W. R. WOOD & CO.,
152 Lake Street,
ARE DAILY RECEIVING NEW AND choice
SPRING GOODS,
Making their assortment large and varied, and we feel attractive in the city.
Velvets, French and English Prints, Robes a Quelle, in French Prints, Gingham and all Wool and Worsted Delaines, Cashmeres, Plaids, Silks, Cambrics, Traveling Goods, Ac. Also, Hosiery, Gloves, Embroideries, Ribbons, Trimmings, a splendid variety of Bonnets, Flowers, Feathers, Ac. All of which they are selling at the
Very Lowest Cash Prices.
W. R. WOOD & CO.

REMOVAL!
C. T. ATKINSON
Has removed to the large and elegant Store,
78.....Lake Street.....78
Four Doors West from Old Store,
Where he is prepared to meet his old and new customers with the
Largest and Best Selected Stock in Chicago,
consisting of
DRESS, CLOAK AND FURNY STYLE OF
Trimmings.
EMBROIDERIES—A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT.
FRINGES, GIMPS AND RIBBONS.
FANCY GOODS & TOILET ARTICLES,
—ALSO—
Skirts, of every Style and Quality.
And other articles, of not great a variety to enumerate
☞ I shall be receiving daily, SPRING STYLES many of the above named articles. ☜
N. B.—Upper Floors in the Building to Rent.

NEW GOODS!
RIGGINBOTHAM & WHITE,
82.....Lake Street.....82
ARE RECEIVING
NEW SPRING GOODS DAILY,
WHICH ARE OFFERED
Cheap for Cash Only!
COOLEY, FARWELL & CO.,
(SUCCESSORS TO COOLEY, WADSWORTH & CO.)
DRY GOODS JOBBERS,
42, 44 & 46 Wabash Avenue,
WE ARE NOW RECEIVING A FULL assortment of
Dry Goods, Yankee Notions, Etc.,
For the Spring Trade.
SMALL PROFITS AND PROMPT PAY will be our motto, and all dealers, personally or by mail, short time will find it to their interest to examine our extensive and elegant stock before purchasing elsewhere.
1858. Spring Style. 1858.
DRY GOODS AND HATS
AT WHOLESALE.
DAVIS, MOODY & CO.,
41 South Water Street,
(Nos. 36, 37.)
ARE NOW RECEIVING A LARGE AND WELL SELECTED STOCK, DIRECT FROM
Manufacturers and New York Auctions,
Comprising the [illegible] of
Staple and Fancy Goods,
Which will be offered at
LOW PRICES FOR CASH,
And Papers optional to Credit.
ASSIGNEE'S SALE
OF
$50,000 Worth of Dry Goods!
STAFF & THOMAS'
LARGE STOCK OF DRY GOODS
Will be removed to
84.....Lake Street.....84
For the purpose of closing out
At Cost or Less, at Wholesale or Retail,
OF THE FIRST-CUT GARB.
600 Bales Sheeting,
50 Bales Shirtings,
&c., &c., &c.
C. B. KING,
Assignee.

Banking and Exchange.

TAYLOR & BERRYMAN,
BANKERS, 159 LAKE STREET (MARINE Bank Building).
Drafts on England, France and Germany.
WILLIAM SATTLER & CO.,
BANKERS,
32 Lasalle Street, Chicago.
Drafts on England, France and Germany.
E. FRUSSING & STEINHAUSER,
DRAFTS AT SIGHT, IN SUMS OF ONE Pound and upwards, payable in all the principal towns of England, Ireland and Scotland.
AIKEN & NORTON,
BANKERS AND DEALERS IN EXCHANGE, 42 Clark street, Chicago, Illinois. Deposits received and interest allowed. Gold, Silver and Uncurrent Money wanted. Collections promptly made and remitted.
BANK OF STERLING,
B. G. WHEELER & CO., BANKERS
DEALERS IN EXCHANGE AND REAL ESTATE
Sterling, Illinois.
☞ Prompt attention given to Collections and purchases.
We refer to Eastman Bank, Messrs. S. I. Tuthill & Co., Bankers, P. S. Allcock, Esq. [illegible]
A. T. SHERMAN & CO.,
(Late Robson & Kingsbury),
BANKERS AND EXCHANGE BROKERS
Deposits received and interest paid on Special Deposits. Gold and Silver, Land Warrants and Exchange on the East bought, Sterling, Ill.
SAWYER, SAWYER & CO.,
SUCCESSORS TO DICKERMAN WHEELER & CO., Bankers, Sterling, Illinois.
Collections made and proceeds promptly remitted on current rates.
Refer to—Oriental Bank, New York; Ohio and Lasalle Bankers' Bank, Boston; Manufacturers' Bank, Chicago. [illegible]
J. H. ADSIT'S
BANKING AND EXCHANGE OFFICE,
28 Clark street, Chicago, Illinois.
Deposits received and interest allowed on time deposits. High Exchange for New York and Boston for sale.
Interest allowed on Special Deposits.
Gold and Silver Bought.
Highest price given for Uncurrent Money bought and sold.
Drafts on Montreal Can

COMMERCIAL.

CHICAGO WHOLESALE MERCAT.

Office of the Times, Friday, April 27, 1858.

MONEY remains unchanged; Exchange rather. Buying 1c, and selling 1¼@¼c; Gold buying 1c, and selling ¼c.

On Change, to-day, business was substantial, and considerable Wheat changed hands at full one cent advance over the prices of yesterday. Corn, too, advanced, and one sale of 3 boat loads was made at 50½c on board. It was a fine lot of flint white, however, and sold to arrive, and is not a fair indication of the average price, as a lot of 2 boat loads was sold within the same hour for 50½c afloat—good canal corn. Oats seem to have brightened up, and sales at 30½c on board is reported. Rye and Barley do not seem to be much inquired for, but find purchasers at current rates.

Freights are quiet, and charters not freely taken, owners and brokers do not seem desirous of running their vessels at the haggardly rates that shippers demand. We understand that the J. G. Deshler has been chartered for corn to Ogdensburg at 7c.

Receipts by canal and railroad:

Flour, bbls	1,242	Whisky, bbl	20
Wheat, bu	16,000	Beef, tcs	12
Corn, bu	12,100	Pork, bbls	25
Oats, bu	13,100	Pork, pkgs, lbs	1,000
Barley, bu	2,000	Lard, lbs	8,000
Rye, bu	500	Hogs, No	25
Feed, bu	17,500	Dressed Hogs, No	4

Shipments by canal:

Flour, bbls	4
Wheat, bu	36,000
Corn, bu	20,000

FLOUR—The market still wears a dull aspect, and but little is done. We have sales of 120 bbls "Camden" to river, at $5 62½; 25 bbls "Dewitt" $5 12½; 50 bbls "St. Mary" $5 37½.

RYE FLOUR—We have no sales to report, prices unchanged; good brands bringing $3,50 at depot.

CORN MEAL—No sales. Prices quoted at $1,25@1,37 on canal, and $1,62½ for kiln dried.

WHEAT—Sales to-day amount to 14,000 bushels as follows: one lot of 2,000, one of 3,000, one of 4,000, one lot 12,000, one of 16,000 and small lots amounting to 13,000 all at 83c free on board. One of 4,000, one of 11,000 & 12c in store, one of 12,000, one of 1,000 at the street.

CORN was in good demand to-day, and everything was taken at current rates that was offered. Sales were thus made of good canal corn at 49½c afloat, 50 boat loads afloat and canal round, at the street; 1 car, No. 2, 47c in store; 1 car, No. 1, 47c in store, and 2 boat loads of choice white flint to arrive, at 50½c on board. The sales that go for the day show 32,000 bushels.

BARLEY—We hear of no sales for the day, but quote the market steady.

RYE—Distillers are buying freely, at 62½@65c on track.

OATS seemed to brighten up again to-day, and some 3,000 bushels changed hands at 30½c on board.

BROOM CORN—Sales in fair quantities, with sales of small parcels reported at 6@6½c. Hungarian grass seed is quoted after at $1 50@2. Timothy is active at $1 25@1 50.

HAY—Prairie selling at 65c.

POTATOES—Nearly at 50@55c for Rockies, and 75@80c for prime mercantile.

LARD—Quiet; small sales are reported at 7½c.

DRESSED HOGS—A prime article brings $5 10@5 25 by the lot, at the commission houses.

PRESSED HOGS—There are few in the market and 6½c is asked.

SALT—Sales are not done by the car load at $1 10 bbl; at retail $1 25 bbl, dairy, $1 12½@1 25; of 280 lbs with 20 empty bags in the bag; bay salt $1 10 @ 100 bags.

PROVISIONS—We hear of sales of Leaf Lard at 8½c.

WOOL—Is still very low in the East, and consequently there are no sales reported in this market. Owing to the almost universal stoppage of the Woolen Factories in the East and through Europe a large stock of the last year's clip must be carried over, and farmers need not expect, therefore, to see your buyers come into the market with anything like the prices of last year. Nothing of importance is prepared to be shipped eastwardly. We quote good superfine packed at the R. R. and carts at 25c. No fleece offering.

SHEEP SKINS—Are in good inquiry at 60@65c for fresh butchered, and 50@55c for country.

HIDES—Are active in the market, and 10@12½c is paid, including hundreds, dressed, green, dry salted and cured; when cleaned and prepared we understand, green country sold at 15c; dry hides, cured, sold at 17½c; dry hides, uncured, 12@13c; calf, 12@13c.

TALLOW—Is active and quiet at 6@6½c for No. 1; 5@5½c for No. 2. We have sales of 75 bbls of Brown tallow at 6@6½c for No. 2, being a check under the market. Fresh white fat and tried stock are in fair request at 6@6½c.

CHEESE—Hamburg, buying in fair selling lots at the commission stores; Western Reserve 8@9c; good Goshen 9c. 9@10c.

COFFEE—Selling Prime—Rio 10@10½c; Java 19@20c. Mocha 21c.

LIVE POULTRY—Chickens plenty and range from 25@ 50c, to 75@80c.

DRESSED POULTRY—Dressed chickens 8@ 9 pair; dressed turkeys 12½@ 9 lb for old; dressed geese and ducks 7@8c.

BUTTER—Poor kinds of roll and firkin stocked and on sale to-day, while fresh roll and good firkin is in fair request at 16@18c.

EGGS—Plenty selling at 6½c.

POTATOES—Nearly at 50@55c for Rockies, and 75@80c for prime mercantile.

APPLES—Are in good request at $2@2 25 per bbl for fair to prime.

ONIONS—Are in good request at $2 50@3 per bbl.

CABBAGES—Are in good request at $2@2 50 per hundred.

BEANS—Are in good request at $1 50@1 75 per bushel.

CIDER—Is selling at $4@5 per barrel.

CRANBERRIES—Are in good request at $3@3 50 per bbl.

PICKLES—Are in good request at $2@2 50 per bbl.

New York Stock Market—April 27.

Erie 6s	90	Reading	84½
Do 6s	90½	Do 6s	90
Illinois 6s	90	Michigan Southern	74
Do 6s	90	Do Scrip	70
Cuba 6s	90	Do Bonds	90
Virginia 6s	90	Illinois Central	90
Missouri 6s	90	Do Scrip	90
Pacific Bonds	90	Galena & Chicago	90
Cumberland Coal	24	Do Scrip	90
Pacific Bonds	90	Galena & Chicago	90

The market closed a little firmer.

Receipts by Railroad.

The following are the receipts by the different railroads for the last 24 hours:

ILLINOIS CENTRAL R. R.

Morning Train—Ty & Co 1 car wheat; J Robinson jr & Co 1 car corn; Cooley, Perrin & Co 1 car corn; J L Wheler & Co 1 car corn; Allen Brown 1 do do; Ford & Co 1 car oats; Ogden & Co 1 car do; Ty & Co 1 car do; 2 bbls cider; Wm Foster 2 cars hogs; Bowman & Jev 1 car do; Lotteries & Co 1 car do; A Colton 1 car do; Ty & Co 1 car do; 1 bbl apples; 1 bbl potatoes; 1 bbl onions; 1 bbl tallow; Hall & Orilla 1 bbl do; Parkinson & Park 1 car wool; Bowman & Jev 1 bbl pork; Bowman & Jev 1 bbl beef; Ty & Co 1 car hogs; 12 bbls cider; Ford & Bradley 4 kegs brandy; 1 box do; Jas B Wheler, 1 car corn; Nathan F Kellogg 4 bbls vinegar; 10 do corn; Joel Gilbert 1 do do; Ty & Co 1 do do; 1 green do; Ty & Co 1 do do; 1 do do; 1 do do; 1 do do; 1 do do; Ty & Co 2 cars do; 1 do do; 1 do do; 1 do do; Norris, Dick & Co 1 car wheat; Ty & Co 1 car do; Ty & Co 1 car do; Ty & Co 1 car do; Ty & Co 1 car do; 1 do do; 1 do do; 1 do do; 1 do